

2016 APEC COUNTER-TERRORISM ACTION PLAN

ECONOMY:

VIET NAM

CALENDAR YEAR:

2016

LAST UPDATED:

10/2016

Objective: Where appropriate, to self-assess progress against APEC Leaders' and Ministers' counter-terrorism commitments, and to identify capacity building needs to assist the CTWG to identify priority areas for future cooperation.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. Summary of main achievements/progress in implementing Leaders' and Ministers' commitments since last update.

a) Strengthening legal framework

- From 2014 until now, Vietnam has adopted the 2015 Viet Nam Maritime Code, the 2014 Law Amending and Supplementing A Number of Articles of the Viet Nam Civil Aviation Law, the 2015 Law on Cyber Information Security. The mentioned documents include provisions related to preventing and countering terrorism. Vietnam is also amending the Criminal Code and the Criminal Procedure Code with a view to effectively deal with terrorist crimes by providing clear definitions of terrorist activities and their severity as a framework for conviction and sentences.

- Besides, Vietnam has enacted a series of legal documents guiding the implementation of counter-terrorism related law and strengthening coordination mechanism between central and local agencies and among relevant ministries and agencies to effectively prevent and counter terrorism.

b) Concrete measures

- Vietnam has become a member of the Convention Against the Taking of Hostages (in 2014), the International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings (in 2014) and the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism (in 2016). Vietnam has also actively participated in cooperation activities on combating terrorism at both multilateral and bilateral channels.

- Protection of goods (A1): continued to implement automatic customs clearance system, used X-ray equipment in the inspection of containers at major ports in Vietnam, strengthened inspection efforts against violation of intellectual property rights at border gates, and actively participated in the IPR program proposed by the US.

- Protect ports and ships engaged in international voyages (A2): undertook measures to maintain order and security at port areas and port of entry to ensure security and safety for military vessels, cargo ships and passenger ships during embarkation; strengthened cooperation with international organizations on information and experience sharing and the development of safety measures for vessels passing through or anchoring in areas frequently affected by piracy or armed robbery at sea, held training on anti-terrorism, and maritime security and safety assurance for staff, and drafted a handbook for staff to be used in real life, etc.

- Protect International Aviation (A3): upgraded baggage screening procedures; set standards and deployed equipment to screen passengers, baggage and vehicles in conformity with the standards of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO); upgraded aviation security infrastructure;

continued to work with other countries to develop effective aviation security control measures; continued the MANPADS risk assessment programs at some Vietnamese airports, etc.

- Protect people in transit (A4): processed passenger information before flights, used unified standards for passports reading machines and biometric applications at entry, increased staffing at the gate for timely handling of unexpected cases.
- Combat threats to security (A5): conducted inspection and control of people and vehicles at border checkpoints and frontier; reviewed the critical objectives and areas to develop security plans, install radiation detection gates at Noi Bai International Airport and take other preventive activities.
- Halting terrorist financing (B): strengthened collaborative and information sharing mechanisms between state financial intelligence units, implemented the UNSC Resolutions on international terrorism and recommendations of the Financial Action Task Force (FATF).
- Promoting cyber security (C): strengthened capacity building for specialized forces; monitored the situation to identify future terrorist threats in order to take effective preventive measures; conducted communication campaigns on cyber security and cyber security threats.

2. Summary of forward work program to implement Leaders' and Ministers' commitments.

- Continue to strengthen the legal framework to implement effective measures to prevent and combat terrorism; develop communication on anti-terrorism laws; deploy action plans to prevent and combat terrorism, money laundering, financing of terrorism; strengthen activities to improve the terrorism response capacity.
- Continue effective implementation of automatic customs clearance system and security measures at seaports and border gates; organize training and drills on counter-terrorism, seaport security and issue handbooks to raise awareness on maritime and flight security.
- Pilot the Regulated Agent/Known Consignor program, initiated by the ICAO and the World Customs Organization, and continue to implement MANPADS risk assessment at high-risk airports.
- Accelerate the deployment of fingerprint recognition technology at two-step self-service crossing systems at border gates and international airports; upgrade infrastructure and equipment at border crossings and international airports.
- Pilot Radiation Source Location Tracking System (RADLOT) in Vietnam, install the technical infrastructure for the radiation source location tracking system, and create the connection between line agencies and radioactive sources.
- Strengthen cooperation with member economies, other economies and international organizations in sharing information, strengthening support activities, and building capacity for staff in charge.

3. Summary of capacity building needs and opportunities that would accelerate/strengthen the implementation of APEC Leaders' and Ministers' commitments by Vietnam and in the region: Vietnam welcomes and stands ready to work with member economies to implement commitments of APEC leaders on preventing and combatting terrorism, especially on specialized training in counter-terrorism.

A. ENHANCING THE SECURE FLOW OF TRADE AND PEOPLE IN THE APEC REGION

A.1 Protect Cargo:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Implement the [APEC Framework for Secure Trade](#) (2005).
- Implement the common standards for electronic customs reporting developed by the [World Customs Organization](#) (WCO) that provide data to target high-risk shipments and facilitate trade (2002).
- Implement as practicable as possible a container security regime that facilitates the smooth flow of trade while enhancing the integrity of containers (2002).
- Promote private-sector adoption of high standards of supply chain security, as developed by the private sector and law enforcement officials (2002).
- Continue cooperation between APEC member economies to facilitate trade recovery after a terrorist attack (2006, 2007, 2011).
- Work towards more consistent security measures that reduce transaction costs, and to enhance cooperation with the private sector (2007, 2011).
- Complete the APEC Authorized Economic Operator (AEO) Best Practices Guidelines Document (2011)
- Continue work on the Trade Recovery Program to work toward an operational system for ensuring trade recovery and resilience across the region in the wake of natural disasters and other major disruptions, such as terrorist attacks. (2011)
- Progress of work on the Single Window, Advanced Risk Management, Passenger Name Record, and Authorized Economic Operators (AEO) (2015)

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- Completed legal documents to implement the Customs Law;
- Continued to implement the automated customs clearance and use of X-ray scanning equipment at major Vietnamese container ports;
- Continued to strengthen inspection effort against violations of intellectual property rights at border gates, and actively participated in the IPR program proposed by the US, focus IPR inspection on transport vehicles parts (18/4-27/5/2016). This program was implemented at key locations that process most vehicle part imports.

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

- Continue to study measures to implement leaders' commitments;
- Continue to complete the legal framework to implement the Customs law.

PLEASE DESCRIBE THE APEC CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES IN WHICH YOUR ECONOMY PARTICIPATED DURING THE LAST YEAR. WHAT BENEFITS DID YOUR ECONOMY DERIVE FROM THESE ACTIVITIES? WHAT FOLLOW-ON ACTIVITIES WOULD BE USEFUL?

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WHAT KIND OF EXPERTISE AND/OR ASSISTANCE COULD YOUR ECONOMY PROVIDE TO OTHER APEC MEMBERS THAT COULD HELP ADDRESS THEIR CAPACITY BUILDING NEEDS? PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS POSSIBLE REGARDING THE TYPES OF CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES THAT YOUR ECONOMY COULD PROVIDE (E.G., SEMINARS, WORKSHOPS, INFORMATION SHARING, BEST PRACTICES, SPECIALIZED TRAINING, ETC.)

A.2 Protect Port Facilities and Ships Engaged in International Voyages:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Review ship and port facility security plans; automatic identification systems (AIS) installed on certain ships (2004).
- Support international efforts to fight piracy (2002, 2008).
- Support the implementation of the International Ship and Port Facility Security Code (2004).
- Cooperation between APEC member economies on training to enhance ship and port security in the region (2002).
- Cooperate with the International Maritime Organisation on its efforts to undertake an analysis of small boats as potential threats to maritime security (2009).
- Enhance ability to identify, assess, and share information on threats to transportation facilities, vehicles, people and cargo, to prevent and combat acts of unlawful interference (2011)

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- The border guard units, border gate units and port units work with Viet Nam relevant agencies to manage and safeguard the security, order and social safety in ports, border ports, ensure safety, security for military vessels, cargo ships, foreign passenger ships entering and departing the border, transiting and transferring at border ports.
- Vietnam has actively cooperated with international organizations (such as ReCAAP) to share information and experience, develop measures to ensure the safety of ships and boats passing or anchoring in water areas that are prone to piracy or armed robbery, verification of information in case of incidents.
- Organize 03 training courses on counter- terrorism and ensuring security, maritime safety for maritime security officers.
- Issue a Regulation on coordination among relevant agencies including an element on collaboration in counter-terrorism, protection of ports and ships in international voyages.
- The Vietnam Maritime Administration has worked with Australia Traffic Security Department to raise awareness of aviation and maritime security.

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

- Organize training and exercise on counter-terrorism and ensuring port security in 2017.
- Issue handbook on raising awareness of aviation and maritime security (2016-2017).

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- Take part in international counter-terrorism cooperation within APEC framework

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A.3 Protect International Aviation:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Introduce highly effective baggage screening procedures and equipment in all APEC international airports as soon as possible; and accelerate implementation of standards for reinforced flight deck doors for passenger aircraft wherever possible (2002).
- Support International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) [mandatory aviation security audits](#) (2002, 2009).
- Enhance air cargo security by promoting adoption of the guidelines developed by the [ICAO](#) (2002).
- Examine emerging approaches to air cargo security; share information on efficient screening technologies and training; and harmonise aviation security measures (2009).
- Adopt strict domestic export controls on Man-Portable Air Defense Systems (MANPADS); secure stockpiles; regulate production, transfer, and brokering; ban transfers to non-state end-users; and exchange information in support of these efforts (2003).
- APEC economies which did not do so before 2007 to conduct one MANPADS' assessment of a major international airport using the MANPADS' Vulnerability Assessment (MVA) guide established by the ICAO or similar international guidelines (2005).
- Work towards continuous improvement of aviation security oversight and quality control (2009).
- Implement effective capacity building programs for air cargo and air traveller protection, which help develop institutions and mobilize expertise and resources efficiently (2010).
- Prevent foreign terrorist fighter travel through advance passenger risk analysis and other measures (2015).
- Implement the Advance Passenger Information and Passenger Name Record (API/PNR) programs to secure and facilitate legitimate travel within the region (2015).

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- Implement the upgraded luggage inspection and screening system at the new facility. Set standards and use equipment to inspect visitors, baggage, and vehicles approaching the restricted area. The procedures and equipment in this system comply with the regulations of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) according to the aviation security authorities of Australia and the United States.
- Vietnam has established and applied the standards for reinforcing passenger compartment doors from 45,000 kg.
- The National Committee for Civil Aviation Security has considered joining international treaties on aviation security, implementing the Project on improving Viet Nam's capacity on ensuring aviation security, conduct regular assessment of aviation security risks, make amendments and supplements to the general plan to

deal with the unlawful interference in civil aviation activities.

- Strengthen capacity building, work with relevant agencies to formulate and exercise counter-terrorism plans in aviation terrorism, protect civil airport to proactively handle all situations, eliminate the risk in which terrorist organizations take advantage of airline staff or criminals or wanted persons, by manipulating or bribing, to attack civil aviation targets.

- Increase information exchange, strictly control people and vehicles entering and departing at airports.

Strengthen coordination among ministries, relevant agencies and localities in ensuring aviation security.

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

- Continue to work with agencies to implement in Vietnam the Authorized Economic Operator (AEO) pilot project co-launched by ICAO and the World Customs Organization (WCO) (scheduled in 2016-2017).

- Continue the exercise against illegal interference in national and sectoral civil aviation activities in 2016 and 2017.

- Continue Program MANPADS at airports with high risks in 2016-2017.

- Finalize Aviation Security Guidance Handbook

- Organize training sessions in Viet Nam and overseas on aviation security management, aviation supervisors, aviation security guarantee, and risk management.

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- Take part in international counter-terrorism cooperation within APEC framework

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- Vietnam is willing to work with member economies to hold training seminars and workshops on ensuring aviation safety and counter- terrorism in Vietnam

A.4 Protect People in Transit:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Implement as expeditiously as possible an [Advance Passenger Information](#) system for the collection and transmission of advance passenger information (2002).
- Consider joining the [Regional Movement Alert System](#) (RMAS) (2006).
- Adopt and implement agreed standards for machine readable travel documents, and application of biometrics in entry and (where applicable) exit procedures and travel documents consistent with [ICAO](#) and the [International Standards Organization](#) (2002).
- Assure the highest possible integrity of all government officials who are involved in border operations (2002).
- Develop a standardized strategic safety and security master plan for tourists, a crisis management model, and promote the development by industry of simple-to-use safety and security measures for tourism businesses (2002).
- Voluntarily provide information on lost and stolen travel documents to the existing database of the [International Criminal and Police Organization](#) (ICPO-Interpol) on a best endeavours basis (2005).
- Implement APEC Travel Facilitation Initiative to facilitate regional international travel, while ensuring the security of the overall travel system. (2011)

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- Implement Advance Passenger Information (API): since 10 November 2014, the API system has been implemented at 03 border gates Noi Bai, Da Nang and Tan Son Nhat to actively control immigration, cutting down on processing time.
- Apply uniform standards to all passport readers and biometric applications in entry procedures: the passport readers at the airports meet the high standards of ICAO; regarding the application of biometric standards, since 2007, Vietnam has adopted the fingerprint recognition technology at the 2 automated gates controlled by Border Police at Tan Son Nhat international airport.
- Strengthen staffing at visa control gates for visitors in general and tourists in particular to enable fast and easy procedure, put in place a dedicated lane for large groups of tourists.

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

- Continue the application of finger print recognition technology at two automated gates at other major border gates and international airports.
- Upgrade infrastructure and equipment at international airports.

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A.5 Combat Threats to Security:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Review progress on commitments to dismantle trans-national terrorist groups (2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008).
- Eliminate the severe and growing danger posed by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery by strengthened non-proliferation regimes and adopting and enforcing effective export controls (2003, 2004, 2005, 2006) as well as take appropriate individual and joint actions to protect legitimate financial and commercial system from abuse (2006).
- Ensure that any measures taken to combat terrorism comply with all relevant obligations under international law, in particular international human rights, refugee and humanitarian law (2005).
- Relevant economies to take steps towards the ratification and implementation of, or the commitment to ratify all basic universal antiterrorist conventions (2004, 2008).
- Increase and better coordinate counter-terrorism activities, where appropriate, through effective collaboration, technical assistance and capacity building, and cooperation between APEC's Counter-Terrorism Task Force with relevant international, regional and functional organizations (2003) in accordance with the relevant APEC rules and practices.
- Relevant economies to implement the [International Atomic Energy Agency Code of Conduct on the Safety and Security of Radioactive Sources](#) as well as the [Guidance on the Import and Export of Radioactive Sources](#) (2005).
- Continue efforts and cooperation on food defense to mitigate the terrorist threat to the food supply following the voluntary APEC Food Defence Principles (2007).
- Implement the APEC Consolidated Counter-Terrorism and Secure Trade Strategy to make regional commerce and travel more secure, efficient, and resilient (2015).

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- Complete the legal framework:
 - + The Government issued Decree No. 07/2014 / ND-CP dated 27/01/2014 on the organization, duties, powers and coordination of the Steering Committee in counter-terrorism at all levels; Decree No. 22/2014 / ND-CP dated 02/4/2014 regulating emergency measures on counter-terrorism.
 - + Research and issue legal documents on counter-terrorism and security, including Directive No. 17 / CT-TTg dated 10/07/2015 on enhancing radiation and radioactive security.
 - + Issue Circular No. 13/2015 / TT-BKHHCN amending Circular No. 23/2010 / TT-BKHHCN which provides that facilities using radioactive sources install navigation devices for radioactive sources.
 - + Amend the Penal Code, the Criminal Procedure Law to clearly and specifically define terrorist acts as well as the severity of the acts as a basis to precisely determine sentences or punishment ranges.
 - Implement the Law on Anti-terrorism and provide training on terrorism prevention and control for ministries, departments and localities; establish National Steering Committee on Counter-Terrorism and promulgate regulations on the operation of the steering committee in order to regulate counter-terrorism activities nationwide, guide and coordinate counter-terrorism activities from the central to local levels.
 - Perform good inspection and control over the entry and exit of people and vehicles through the border gates; focus on preventing the movement of foreign terrorists, as well as commodities related to weapons of mass destruction to Vietnam
 - Join three Conventions on counter-terrorism: the International Convention against the Taking of Hostage, the International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings, and the Nuclear Terrorism Convention.

- Monitor, supervise and review the identification of targets, key areas of terrorism prevention and control; set up drill plans to ensure security in these areas.
- Coordinate with the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) in the installation of radiation detection gates at Noi Bai international airport and cooperate with the United States in installing radiation detection portal for Cai Mep Port, Ba Ria - Vung Tau.
- Cooperate with the U.S. (the U.S. Department of Energy) to implement the project on security upgrade for high-level radioactive sources. The project has been equipped with security systems for radiation facilities of over 1,000-Ci radioactive sources and devices for navigating out-of-control sources. More than 24 facilities have been equipped with enhanced security system.

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

- Continue to introduce and implement laws on counter-terrorism and documents instructing the enforcement of counter-terrorism laws.
- Accelerate the implementation of next phases of the Project on establishing the National Training Center on Counter-Terrorism (2017-2021 and 2022-2030).
- Implement the project on developing technical infrastructure for radioactive source monitoring systems, connect managerial agencies to radioactive sources facilities (expected to become compulsory for facilities using mobile radioactive sources from January 9/2016).
- Implement the pilot Project on radioactive sources detection systems (RADLOT) in Vietnam (expected to be installed from 2017).

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Participate in conferences and training courses under the initiatives of APEC economies and to the meetings of APEC Working Group on counter-terrorism.

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We propose organizing a seminar on best practices in addressing foreign terrorist in 2017.

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B. HALTING TERRORIST FINANCING:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Cut off terrorists' access to the international financial and commercial system, including by implementing standards and agreements on combating terrorist financing and money laundering (2002, 2004, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009).
- Enhance law enforcement and regulatory capabilities by establishing or identifying a financial intelligence unit (FIU) in each member economy, and enhancing information sharing with other FIUs (2002).
- Relevant economies to implement [UN and other international instruments](#) (2002).
- Implement, where applicable, the [FATF's Special Recommendations](#) on terrorist financing, including those relating to non-profit organizations, alternative remittance systems and illicit cash couriers (2002, 2008).

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- Prevent the terrorists from accessing international financial and trade systems, including the implementation of standards and agreements in combating terrorist financing and money laundering: promulgate and implement legal regulations on halting terrorist financing and money laundering.
 - Improve law making and enforcement by establishing or identifying the financial intelligence units (FIUs) in each economy and enhance the sharing of information with other FIUs:
 - + On 19 December 2014, the Governor of the State Bank of Viet Nam issued Decision No. 2698 / QD-NHNN (replacing Decision No 1654 / QD-NHNN dated 14/07/2009) stipulating the functions, duties, powers and structures of the Department of Money Laundering Prevention in order enhance the capacities of compiling, analysing and processing reports and information related to terrorist financing and other crimes related to money laundering as prescribed by law.
 - + In May 2015, the Banking Supervision and Inspection Agency signed the Regulation No. 1319 / TCT QCPH-CQTTGSNG with the General Department of Taxation on information exchanging and professional training in the prevention and control of money laundering and combating terrorist financing, smuggling, illegal transportation of cash, precious metals, precious germ stones and other cross-border negotiable instruments.
 - Continue to promote and enhance the sharing of information with other FIUs: receiving a written request for information of nine FIUs and sent four written requests for information
 - Implement resolutions of the United Nations Security Council concerning the sanctions against international terrorists.
- Implement recommendations by Action Task Force on money laundering and terrorist financing (FATF)

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

On 25 November 2015, the Prime Minister signed Decision No. 2112 / QD-TTg announcing the National 2015-2020 Action Plan on halting money laundering and terrorist financing in order to develop mechanisms for effective anti-money laundering, and implement Viet Nam's commitments in this area. The plan consists of 32 issues divided into eight sections with specific timeline of completion for each issue.

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- Provide training for law enforcement agencies in investigating crimes of money laundering and terrorist financing;
- Provide training for FIU officials, support the organization of training courses on information sharing and dealing with transactions related to terrorism and terrorist financing.
- Organize training courses and seminars on skills to analyze suspicious transactions in banking, securities, casino and insurance, etc.

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The State Bank of Viet Nam has organized seminars and training courses to support Lao officials in implementing measures to prevent and control money laundering and sent officials to Laos to provide training and share experience in this regard.

C. PROMOTING CYBER SECURITY:

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LEADERS' AND MINISTERS' COMMITMENTS

- Countering terrorism by implementing and enhancing critical information infrastructure protection and cyber security to ensure a trusted, secure and sustainable online environment (2002).
- Enhance mutual cooperation on countering malicious online activities and engage in efforts to increase cybersecurity awareness (2010).

MEASURES UNDERTAKEN SINCE LAST UPDATE TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS

- Complete the legal framework to create a foundation for effective capacity building in cyber security:
 - + The Information Security Law was passed in 2015 and officially come into effect from July 2016.
 - + Prime Minister's Decision No. 839 / QD-TTg dated 19/06/2015 stipulating the adoption of the Project on communicating, educating and raising the awareness of and responsibility for information security by 2020
 - + Prime Minister' Decision No. 898 / QD-TTg dated 27/05/2016 on the approval of the direction, objectives and tasks of ensuring information security in 2016-2020.
 - + Develop documents to prevent the use of cyber networks for terrorist purposes.
 - Promote bilateral and multilateral cooperation on cyber security:
 - + Cooperate with nine countries and international organizations on cyber security, focusing primarily on activities aimed to promote staff training, purchase of technical equipment for cyber security, share experience on crime prevention and control as well as raise the awareness of cyber security.
 - + Participate in eight international conferences, seminars and exhibitions on cyber security and introduce important initiatives in addressing challenges arising in cyberspace.
 - Understand the situations, combat activities using cyberspace to conduct terrorism, identify terrorist threats in the future to set out the preventive measures, and introduce communication on cyber and information security.

FURTHER MEASURES PLANNED TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS (indicate timeframe)

- Implement the Prime Minister's above-mentioned Decision No. 839 / QD-TTg and 898 / QD-TTg on information security.
 - Strengthen international cooperation and capacity building activities.
 - Strengthen the coordination between relevant agencies on cyber security and network coordination in Vietnam.
- Amend Circular No. 27/2022 / TT-MIC on the coordination in response to cyber incidents in Vietnam in accordance with the Information Security Law.

PLEASE DESCRIBE THE APEC CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES IN WHICH YOUR ECONOMY PARTICIPATED DURING THE LAST YEAR. WHAT BENEFITS DID YOUR ECONOMY DERIVE FROM THESE ACTIVITIES? WHAT FOLLOW-ON ACTIVITIES WOULD BE USEFUL?

WHAT SPECIFIC CAPACITY BUILDING NEEDS DOES YOUR ECONOMY HAVE THAT HINDER YOUR ABILITY TO IMPLEMENT COMMITMENTS, AND WHAT CAPACITY BUILDING OPPORTUNITIES COULD BE PROVIDED THROUGH APEC TO ADDRESS THESE NEEDS? PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS

POSSIBLE REGARDING THE TYPES OF CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES THAT WOULD BENEFIT YOUR ECONOMY (E.G., SEMINARS, WORKSHOPS, INFORMATION SHARING, BEST PRACTICES, SPECIALIZED TRAINING, ETC.)

- Promote projects on network monitoring and enhanced coordination in response to incidents in order to develop effective warning and response systems.
- Participate in capacity-building projects and training courses.
- Strengthen bilateral and regional cooperation in cyber security.
- Organize workshops to share experience in the trends and legal frameworks in cyber security

WHAT KIND OF EXPERTISE AND/OR ASSISTANCE COULD YOUR ECONOMY PROVIDE TO OTHER APEC MEMBERS THAT COULD HELP ADDRESS THEIR CAPACITY BUILDING NEEDS? PLEASE BE AS SPECIFIC AS POSSIBLE REGARDING THE TYPES OF CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES THAT YOUR ECONOMY COULD PROVIDE (E.G., SEMINARS, WORKSHOPS, INFORMATION SHARING, BEST PRACTICES, SPECIALIZED TRAINING, ETC.)

- Share experience, best practices and measures on cyber security.

POSSIBLE ASSISTANCE AND EXPERTISE TO OFFER

Contact Point for Assistance and Expertise not included above: Name: _____ Title: _____

Telephone Number: _____ Fax Number: _____ Email Address: _____

Economies with particular expertise and resources to offer could indicate this here and/or refer members to relevant websites.